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# University of Pretoria Yearbook 2018

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## BSocSciHons Sociology (01243023)

<b>Minimum duration of study</b>	1 year
<b>Total credits</b>	125
<b>Contact</b>	Dr SS Molapo <a href="mailto:sepetla.molapo@up.ac.za">sepetla.molapo@up.ac.za</a> +27 (0)124203111

### Admission requirements

- A relevant bachelor's degree with Sociology or a directly related social science major.
- An average of at least 70% is required in the major/field of specialisation.
- In certain cases additional modules will be required.
- Students with an average of between 68% and 70% in the major/field of specialisation could be considered for admission under special conditions. Apply to the programme manager.

### Additional requirements

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### Other programme-specific information

- Choose either SOC 761 or SOC 757 as a core module.
- Choose one elective module.
- SOC 761 or SOC 757 may be selected as an elective if not already selected as a core module.
- Not all modules are offered in any given year. Contact the programme manager in this regard.



## Curriculum: Final year

**Minimum credits: 125**

### Core modules

ONE of the following should be added to the core modules:\*

SOC 757 Globalisation and development

SOC 761 Sociology of South Africa

### Elective modules

Select One module\*

### **Note:**

\*Not all modules are offered in any given year. Contact the programme manager in this regard.

\*\*One of the following modules may be selected as an elective when not already selected as a core module:

SOC 757 Globalisation and development\*\*

SOC 761 Sociology of South Africa\*\*

## Core modules

### Research methodology 751 (SOC 751)

#### **Module content:**

The module focuses on debates about, as well as the practice of, research. The idea of science, the role of theoretical conceptualisations, and the epistemological assumptions underpinning research are introduced with reference to competing paradigms, including positivism, interpretivism and realism. With regard to research practice, general principles of planning such as identifying a topic, delineating a problem area, selecting sites, sampling participants and addressing ethical questions are considered. Thereafter the use of methods through which data can be collected and/or constructed are introduced and ways in which evidence can be interpreted and analysed are discussed.

<b>Module credits</b>	20.00
<b>Prerequisites</b>	No prerequisites.
<b>Language of tuition</b>	Module is presented in English
<b>Department</b>	Sociology
<b>Period of presentation</b>	Semester 1

### Research paper 753 (SOC 753)

#### **Module content:**

In this module students are expected to produce a research paper under weekly supervision. In the first instance, the paper ought to demonstrate a student's ability to conduct empirical research. However, with the necessary



permission a student may also base the paper on the analysis of secondary data or draw on archival and/or documentary sources. The research paper needs to demonstrate students' understanding of and competence in all aspects of the research process, including making an argument, writing a report, analysing data, integrating research findings with the literature, and research ethics.

<b>Module credits</b>	30.00
<b>Prerequisites</b>	No prerequisites.
<b>Language of tuition</b>	Module is presented in English
<b>Department</b>	Sociology
<b>Period of presentation</b>	Year

### Social theory 756 (SOC 756)

#### Module content:

This module introduces students to key conceptual vocabularies, as well as selected theoretical paradigms and scholarly works in order to facilitate an understanding of some of the current debates, innovations and controversies in the field. A balance is struck between classic and contemporary social theory, and an emphasis is placed on questions of textuality, canonicity and interdisciplinarity in shaping conversations about social theory and its significance for research, thought and politics.

<b>Module credits</b>	25.00
<b>Prerequisites</b>	No prerequisites.
<b>Language of tuition</b>	Module is presented in English
<b>Department</b>	Sociology
<b>Period of presentation</b>	Semester 1

### Globalisation and development 757 (SOC 757)

#### Module content:

This module examines theoretical explanations of globalisation. In doing so its primary goal is to explore ways in which capital in the era of the end of history is compelling us to rethink sociology as a science of the present. The module begins with theoretical discussions in order to lay the ground for talk about development as a process of incorporating (in this case) Africa into the global world system. The module further studies changes brought about by globalisation to the nation-state system, work and gender relations. It also examines nationalism and ethnicity as specific features of capitalism in the era of the end of history.

<b>Module credits</b>	25.00
<b>Prerequisites</b>	No prerequisites.
<b>Language of tuition</b>	Module is presented in English
<b>Department</b>	Sociology
<b>Period of presentation</b>	Semester 2



## Sociology of South Africa 761 (SOC 761)

### Module content:

This module takes a sociological approach to understanding and interrogating South African society. It begins by looking at some of the debates and discussions about Sociology in South Africa. It then reviews and debates key issues in order to understand the political economy of Apartheid. Finally it looks at some key debates associated with post-apartheid South Africa.

<b>Module credits</b>	25.00
<b>Prerequisites</b>	No prerequisites.
<b>Language of tuition</b>	Module is presented in English
<b>Department</b>	Sociology
<b>Period of presentation</b>	Semester 2

## Elective modules

### Gender studies 751 (GNR 751)

#### Module content:

Gender is an important concept in our everyday encounters as it informs part of our identity. National identity documents, for instance, place a major significance on our gender status. Gender differences define how women and men are treated by different institutions in society. This programme is therefore aimed at exposing students to different theories as well as literature on gender and gender inequalities. In addition, the course explores our everyday experiences of gender to develop a better understanding of gender and the meanings it takes on in society, including the ways in which race, class and geographical location influence these experiences.

<b>Module credits</b>	25.00
<b>Prerequisites</b>	No prerequisites.
<b>Language of tuition</b>	Module is presented in English
<b>Department</b>	Sociology
<b>Period of presentation</b>	Semester 1

### Labour relations and labour law 754 (LAB 754)

#### Module content:

This module focuses on and interrogates the nature and theory of labour relations, the South African labour relations dispensation and labour law in South Africa.

<b>Module credits</b>	25.00
<b>Prerequisites</b>	No prerequisites.
<b>Language of tuition</b>	Module is presented in English
<b>Department</b>	Sociology



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**Period of presentation** Semester 1

## Gender, family and households 758 (SOC 758)

### Module content:

This course takes a macro-level perspective and introduces students to scholarly accounts of the changing historical trajectory of gender relations, marriage as an institution, family forms, and household composition and livelihoods and the implications thereof for understanding gender as a social relation. As such, it adopts a historical and comparative perspective, with a specific focus on Southern Africa. In addition, the module explores the role and impact of supra-state organisations, the state and the market in mediating and regulating gender identities and relations, as well as family and household forms, against the backdrop of the nation-state form and in the context of capitalism and neo-liberalism particularly.

**Module credits** 25.00

**Prerequisites** No prerequisites.

**Language of tuition** Module is presented in English

**Department** Sociology

**Period of presentation** Semester 1

## Identity, culture and society 762 (SOC 762)

### Module content:

This module focuses on the relationship between the personal and social and how these two domains are intricately related, simultaneously implying sameness and difference in the process of identification. It considers how societal structures and institutions shape and construct identities historically, whilst being shaped by individual agency, in turn. Human experience reveals a range of cross-cutting affiliations, based on ethnicity, race, religion, gender, sexuality and generation, amongst others, implying a multiplicity in belonging, suggesting a relational process, rather than an essence. The social, contingent and constructed nature of identities is highlighted against experiences of dislocation within a context of globalisation.

**Module credits** 25.00

**Prerequisites** No prerequisites.

**Language of tuition** Module is presented in English

**Department** Sociology

**Period of presentation** Semester 1

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The information published here is subject to change and may be amended after the publication of this information. The [General Regulations \(G Regulations\)](#) apply to all faculties of the University of Pretoria. It is expected of each student to familiarise himself or herself well with these regulations as well as with the information contained in the [General Rules](#) section. Ignorance concerning these regulations and rules will not be accepted as an excuse for any transgression.