Ga-68 PET

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Introduction

Ga-68 a new radionuclide
PET based
Chemistry can be difficult
Used primarily with DOTATATE
Now also used with other agents

In-111 octreotide v F-18 FDG in NET patients the ying and yang of cancer

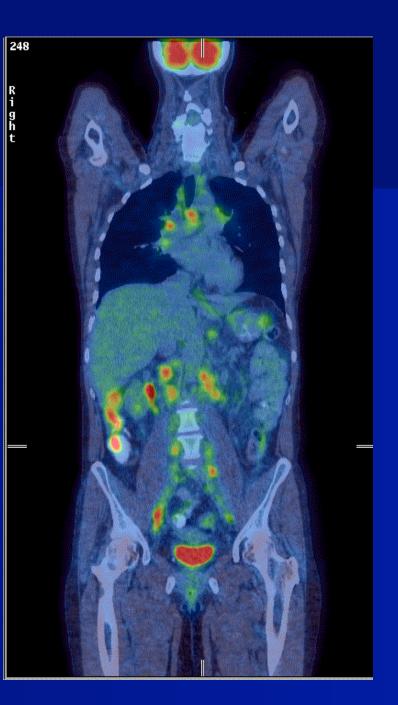


More benign



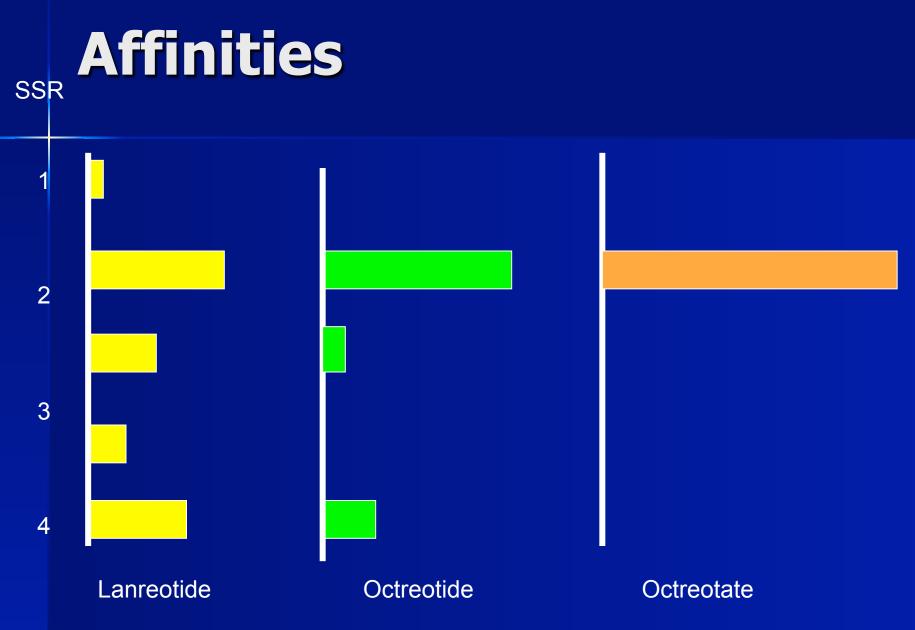
More malignant

PET-CT showing multiple sites of F-18 FDG uptake in nodes involved with disseminated pancreatic nonsecreting NET



How can we improve SRS

- We can improve affinity of the peptide for the tumour site
- octreoTATE >octreoTOC >octreotide >lanreotide
- Can we find a radioisotope with PET capabilities (F-18 not a stable labeller of peptides).



What is Ga-68 DOTATATE

■ Ga-68

- Short lived daughter of Ge-68
- Therefore generator produced
- Half life 68 minutes
- Positron emitter
- DOTA
 - Linker molecule
- TATE
 - Alcoholised somatostatin analogue
 - Very high affinity for SSR2 (10x-100x octreotide)





Development of Ga-68 DOTATATE

Ge-68/Ga-68 used for AC for PET before CT based systems ■ Ga-68 been used in-vivo since 1983 ■ Ga-68 IDA for PET Hidas Ga-68 EDTA for PET renograms Ga-68 mercapatobenzyl-amine for cardiacs Ga-68 anti-MUC1 in breast cancer

Ge-68/Ga68 generator

Ge-68 generator 127 day half life Made in Russia and ?South Africa Can be eluted 1-2 times a day First eluate up to 500GBq Ge-68 breakthrough low (<0.02%)</p> Can be eluted in 12 minutes Needs fast chemistry (automated) machines)

iThemba generator

- Made in South Africa
- Still not in routine production
- About 10cm high and 6cm in diameter
- Still need to get DOTATATE/
 DOTATNOC

⁶⁸ Germanium / ⁶⁸ Gallium generator specifications







Application

Ge/Ga generator (half-life:270 days) provides an excellent source for the positran-emitting radionuclide **Ga (half-life 68 min). **Ga is mainly used for radiobelling peptides which is used chiefly in nuclear medicine ancology for diagnostic or therapeutic applications.

> Weverstraat 17 5111 PV Baarle -

Manufacture of parent radionuclide (**Ge)

Accelerator , ⁴⁴Ga(p,2n)⁴⁶Ge

Column material /packing

Modified tin diaxide in a polyethylene column with polyethylene tubing with no metal parts

Eluent

0.6M HCI (supropure)

⁶⁸Ga yield in 5 ml of eluent

not less than 80%



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Modular labs

Eckert & Ziegler

Eurotope





Ga-68 somatostatins

- Since 2001 Ga-68 somatostatins used in NET and brain primaries
- Work centred on Hanover, Heidelburg and Basel
- 84 patients imaged with Ga-68 DOTATATE and In-111 pentetreotide JNM 2007 from Innsbruck
- Sensitivity 96% compared with 65% with In-111 pentetreotide

Comparison of In-111 pentetreotide with Ga-68 Dotatate PET /computed tomography uptake patterns in patients with Neuroendocrine tumours

> R Srirajaskanthan, J Bomanji, A-M Quigley I Kayani, **ME** Caplin, JNM 2010 Royal Free Hospital and University College London Hospital, London UK.

Background

 Ga-68 Dotatate is a relatively new PET tracer with affinity for SSR2

Routine In-111 Octreotide (pentetreotide, SSR 2,5 and 3) scans performed as general work-up in our NET patients and many also have Ga-68 Dotatate PET/CT

 Impression of more lesions on Ga-68 Dotatate PET/CT

Aim

 Compare In-111 Octreotide (pentetreotide) with Ga-68 DOTATATE PET/CT uptake patterns in patients with histologically confirmed neuroendocrine tumours

Determine whether uptake related to tumour histological grade

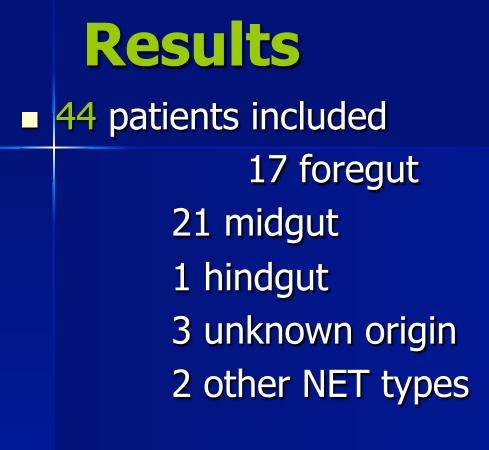
Methods

Images from the two studies were retrospectively compared lesion by lesion (both scans performed within 4 month window)

categorized accordingly

both studies positive, Ga-68 more lesions both studies positive, In-111 more lesions both studies similar lesions pos Ga-68, negative In-111 pos In-111, neg Ga-68 both studies negative

The tumour histological grade was also recorded.

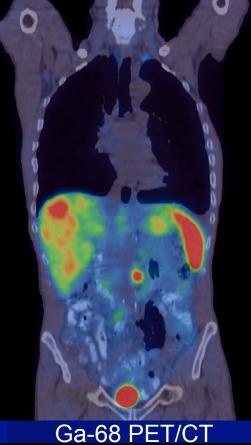


1 patient no SPECT performed : technical problem

Ga-68 positive in 37, In-111 positive in 26

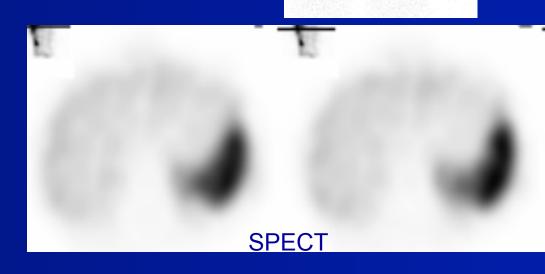


| SCAN APPEARANCE | N=44 |
|---|------|
| both studies positive, Ga-68 more lesions | 18 |
| both studies positive, In-111 more lesions | 1 |
| both studies similar lesions | 7 |
| pos Ga-68, negative In-111 | 11 |
| pos In-111, neg Ga-68 | 0 |
| both studies negative | 7 |

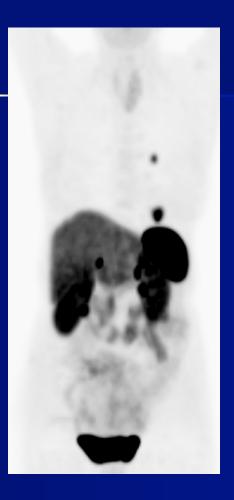


Ga-68 PET/CT more lesions than In-111 Oct In fact 11% of patients negative of In-111 octreotide are positive on Ga-68 DOTATATE

In-111 Oct WB



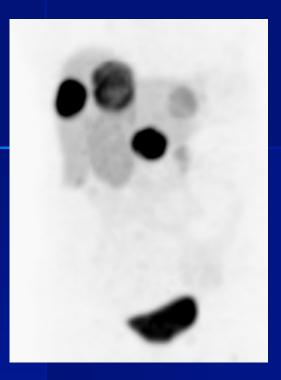
Ga-68 PET/CT pos In-111 Oct neg



Ga-68 PET MIP

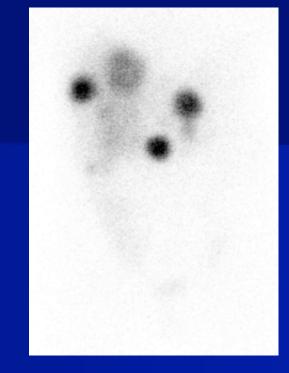


In-111 Oct WB



Similar Lesions





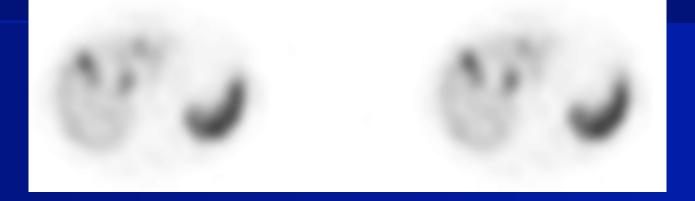
In-111 Oct



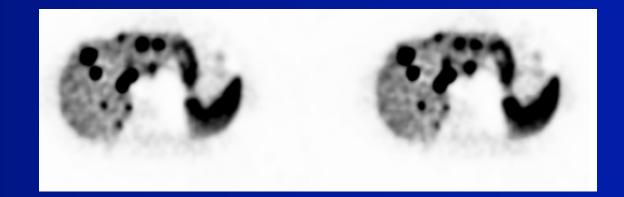


Ga-68 PET/CT more lesions than In-111 Oct

In-111 Oct



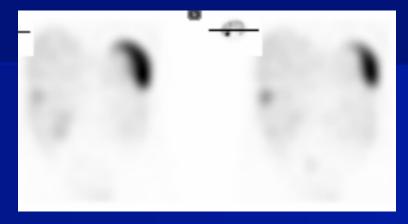
Ga-68 PET

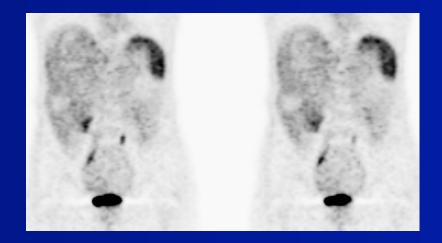


In-111 Oct more lesions than Ga-68 PET/CT

In-111 Oct

Ga-68 PET





Ga-68 DOTATATE

- Normally expect uptake of Ga-68 DOTATATE OR F-18 FDG
- However in 18 pts Kayani et al (JNM 2005) showed uptake of both
- However more false positives with F-18 FDG
- Recommend use of Ga-68 DOTATATE
 ?Co-existent cancer

Ga-68 DOTATATE

Compared with FDG in MTC
 Conry et al EJNM 2010
 18 patients with raised calcitonin

 13 positive with Ga-68 DOTATATE
 15 postive with F-18 FDG

 More sites of disease seen with FDG

F-18 FDG measure metabolism and Ga-68 DOTATATE receptor activity

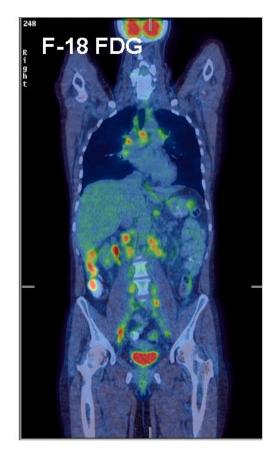
Same patient imaged with both tracers. NET unknown origin

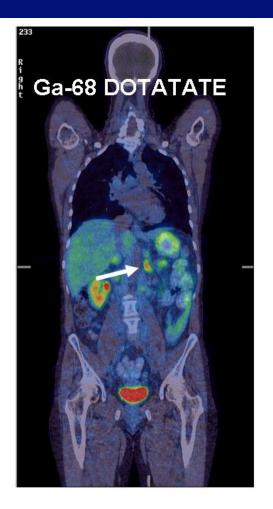
Biopsy of F-18 FDG lesion shows Ki67 of >10%.

Biopsy of Ga-68 DOTATATE positive lesion Ki-67 1%

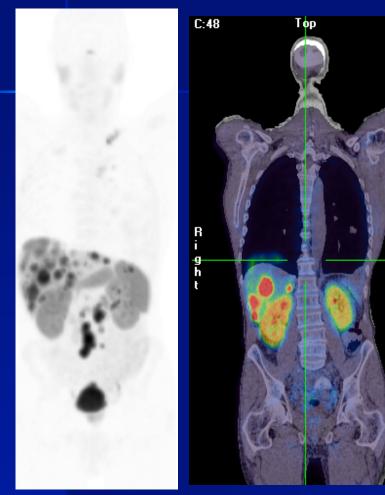
Patient responding to FCIST

Bomanji et al JCO 2008

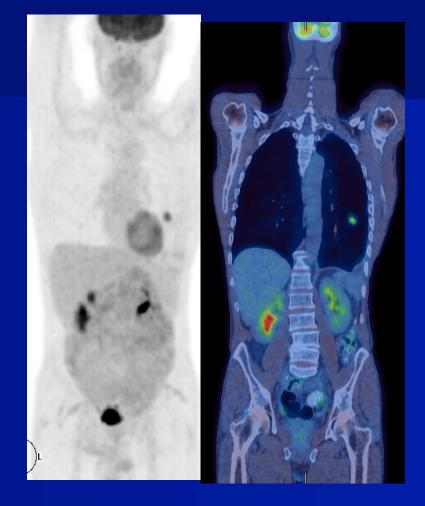




Midgut NET



New lung lesion: Not avid on Ga-68 DOTA-octreotate



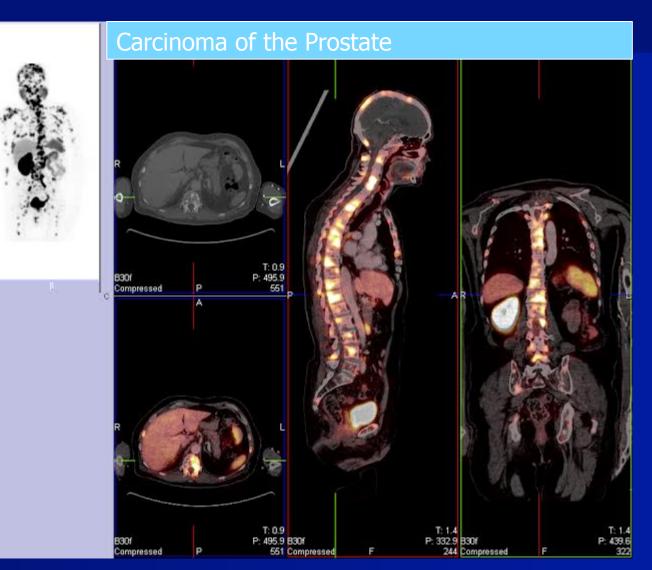
Lung Lesion: avid on FDG

Other Ga-68 derivatives

Ga-68 DOTANOC higher affinity for SSR 3 and 5 expressed in fore-gut tumours Wild D et al

- Ga-68 minigastrin pancreatic tumours
 Van Googenburg Innsbruck
- Ga-68 DOTAVAP-PEG V2 looking at vascular adhesion at sites of inflammation Silova et al Turku

Ga-68 PSMA SBAH



Conclusions

Imaging has different roles depending on what the tumour is doing May be used for diagnosis For staging and restaging Deciding best form of treatment Monitoring the effect of treatment Getting very complex